Cooling of Phenol Formaldehyde Resins by Spraying

S/191/60/000/010/012/017 B004/B060

scratched off by means of a rotating knife. 3) The cooling vessels contain chains by means of which the hardened resin is lifted out (method of the Sverdlovskiy zavod - Sverdlovsk Plant). 4) Method by V. S. Titcv and B. A. Preobrazhenskiy: The resin flows toward the ascending air through a screen in a 4-5 m high pipe. 5) Chaims are passed through the collecting vessel. The resin solidified between the chain links is removed by the chain pinion. 6) Cooling on a metallic conveyer band passing through water. 7) The same on toothed rolls. 8) Blowing of resin into an air flow. In methods 1-7 grinding is always still required, while a too voluminous cotton is obtained with 8). The authors propose the following course (Fig. 13). The resin is pressed into an air-cooled tower by means of nozzles (air pressure 4-8 atm), drops onto a grinding ventilator and is separated as a fine powder in a dust catcher. Resin No. 18 was comminuted in this way. The molding powder obtained therefrom (by the method of the zavod "Karbolit" - "Karbolit" Plant) type K-18-2 (K-18-2) satisfied the requirements of FOCT (GOST) (measurements were made by L. D. Andrianova). The authors carried out a calculation of the technical data concerning this method and a comparison with cooling on rolls. 7 m3 of air per kg of resin were needed. The heat capacity in roll cooling amounts to

Card 2/4

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Cooling of Phenol Formaliehyde Resins by

Syraying

42 kcal/m². °C.h, and 180 kcal/m². °C.h by the spraying process. The use of rotating disks instead of nozzles is said to be inadequate, because the rotating disks instead of nozzles is said to be inadequate, because the spraying power is too low, and cannot be made to fit the production volume, spraying power is too low, and cannot be made to fit the production volume, spraying power is too low, and cannot be made to fit the production volume, spraying power is too low, and cannot be made to fit the production volume, spraying the production of several nozzles. There are 16 which is possible by the operation of several nozzles. There are 16 regions, 1 table, and 5 Soviet references.

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 13. 1 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 14 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 15 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

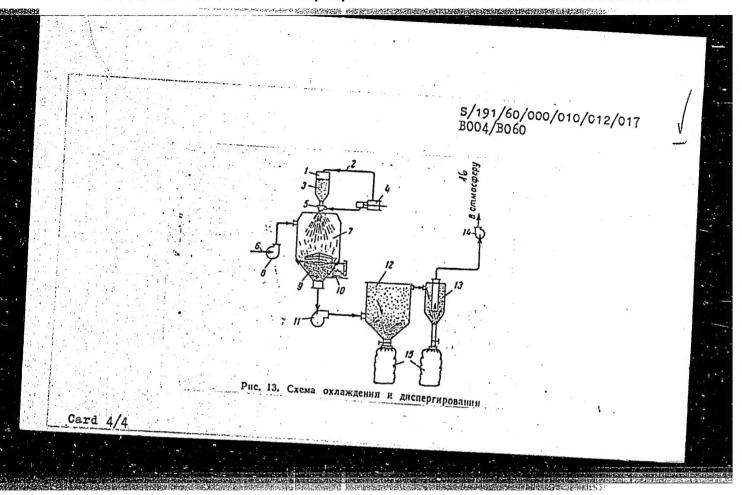
Legend to Fig. 15 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 15 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 15 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3 = liquid

Legend to Fig. 15 = melting vessel, 2 = compressed air, 3

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928810020-1



36202 s/191/62/000/004/016/017 B110/B138

Nikolayeva, T. N., Lavetskaya, Z. M.

TITLE:

An anti-corrosion coating on the basis of "Ftorlon"

varnish

PERIODICAL:

Plasticheskiye massy, no. 4, 1962, 67-69

TEXT: The applicability of "ftorlon" varnish for anti-corrosion coatings has been studied. An 8 % solution of "ftorlon" powder in a solvent mixture (15 % acetone, 10 % cyclohexanone, 30 % ethyl acetate, 15 % ethyl cellosolve) was applied with a brush on to an degreased, sandblasted metal surface, dried for 15-20 min in air, and heated at 50, 100, and 150°C for 30 min. One coat of varnish corresponds to a film thickness of 10-12 μ. A 20-22 μ coat was also applied. A 6 % solution was applied with a kp-10 (KR-10) spray gun at a distance of 25-30 cm (2-3 atm). Films were produced by applying the varnish to an Al foil and dissolving the latter in 4-5 % NaOH solution. The tensile strength was 500-550 kg/cm² and elongation was 170-210 %. The dependence of adhesion and mechanical properties of the film on the amount of Cr203 pigment and the number of

Card 1/2

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928810020-1

DIMOV, Kiril, prof.; LAVEVA, Velichka, inzh.; VEZNEVA, Khristina, inzh.

Qualitative determination and quantitative computation of fibers in mixed textile materials. Pt. 2. Tekstilna prom 12 no. 6:27-29 '63.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928810020-1

YUGOSLAVIA

DANILOVIC, M., LAVICA, B., SAVIC, Z: Institute for Pharmaceutical Technology, Faculty of Pharmacy, Belgrade (Institut za farmaceutsku tehnologiju farmaceutskog fakulteta, Beograd), Belgrade.

"Examination of Multivitamin Preparations with Paper Chromatography"

Belgrade, Arhiv za farmaciju, Vol 16, No 1, 1966, pp 13-18

Abstract /Authors' English summary modified: This article describes the method of examining multivitatin preparations containing B-group vitatins by means of paper chromatography. Dragendorf's reagent was found to be more useful for the identification of thiamine as it is more sensitive than fluorescence. For the detection of pyridoxine, the reaction with diazotized sulfanilic acid was adopted. Tables. 2 Fastern, 6 Western references.

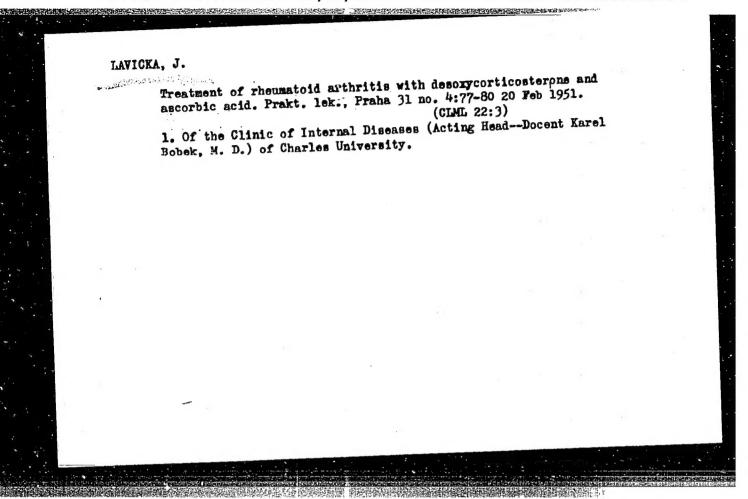
1/1

- 55 -

KRAL, Jiri; SEBOR, Pavel; STUDLIK, Stanislav; LAVICKA, Eduard

Mold and core mixtures with furan binders. Slevarenstvi 11 no.3:
98-104 Mr '63.

1. Zavody pro vyrobu kulickovych lozisek, Zavody na valiva loziska a traktory, Brno; Spolek pro chemickou a hutni vyrobu, provoz Chemotex, Boletice pad Labem.



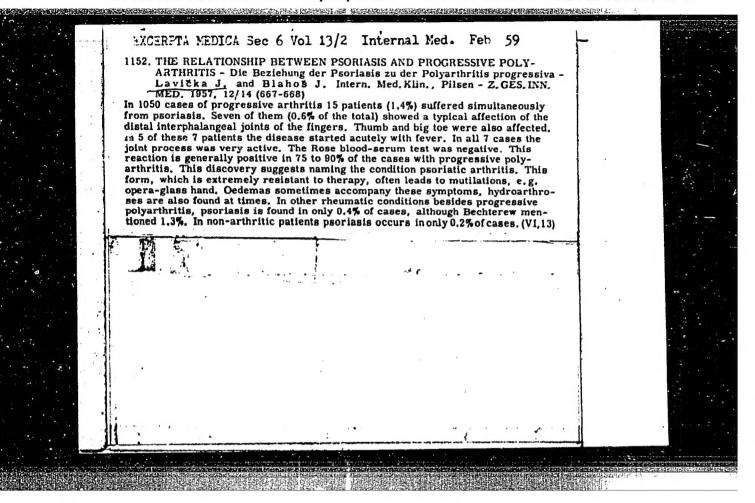
SEFIVEC, Vladislav, MUDr.; DROVOTA, Stanislav, MUDr.; LAVICKA, Josef, MUDr.;
CERNY, Josef, MUDr.

Neuropsychical disorders in ACTH and cortisone therapy. Vnitr.
lek., Brno 1 no.11:850-855 Nov 55.

1. Z psychiatricke kliniky (prednosta doc. MUDr. Eysen Vencovsky)
a vnitrni kliniky (prednosta doc. MUDr. Karel Bobek) lekarske
fakulty v Plzni. Psychiatricka lecebna v Dobranech.
(MENTAL DISORDERS, etiology and pathogenesis,
ACTH & cortisone.)
(ACTH, injurious effects,
ment. & neural disord.)
(CORTISONE, injurious effects,
ment. & neural disord.)

次心には美国の電子制度の特殊などによれる社会の特別を大きななどと

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928810020-1



LAVICKA, Josef; ZAVAZAL, Vladimir

Clinical experiences with agglutination of collodium particles sensitized with gamma globulin in the blood of patients with progressive polyarthritis. Cas. lek. cesk. 98 no.4:104-107 23 Jan 59.

1. Klinika chorob vnitrnich lekarske fakulty v Plzni. Prednosta prof. dr. K. Bobek. Ustav pro mikrobiologii a immunologii lekarske fakulty v Plzni. Prednosta doc. dr. J. Zahradnicky. J. L., Plzen, interni klinika.

(ARTHRITIS, RHEUMATOID, immunol.

hemagglut. of collodium particles sensitized by gamma globulin (Cz))

(HEMAGGIUTINATION, in various dis. rheum. arthritis, hemagglut. of collodium particles sensitized by gamma globulin (Gz))

BIAHOS, Jaroslav; IAVICKA, Josef

New data on the metabolism of gout. Cas. lek. cesk. 98 no.9:266-273 27

Feb 59.

1. Klinika chorob vnitrnich v Plzni, prednosta prof. dr. K. Bobek. J. B. Plzen, klinika chorob vnitrnich.

(GOUT, metab.

uric acid, review (Cz))

(URIC ACID, metab.

in gout, review (Cz))

VYHNAMEK, Lubos; LAVICKA, Josef; BLAHOS, Jaroslav

Roentgenographic picture in gout. Cesk.rentg.14 no.4:278-285 Ag'60.

1. Radiologicka klinika University Karlovy v Praze, prednosta prof. dr. V. Svab. Klinika chorob vnitrnich v Plzni, prednosta prof. dr. K. Bobek.

(GOUT radiogr)

LAVICKA, J.; MATOUSEK, J.; BARCAL, R.

Effect of therapy on meteorotropic conditions of rheumatic patients. Acta univ. carol. [Med] Suppl. 15:231-235 '61.

1. Klinika chorob vnitrnich (prednosta prof. MUDr. K. Bobek) a fyzikalni ustav (prednosta doc. MUDr. M. Petran) lekarske fakulty University Karlovy se sidlem v Plzni.

(WEATHER) (RHEUMATISM ther)

Joset LAVICKA

SURNAFE, Given Names

Country: Czechoslovakia

Academic Degrees:

Affiliation:

Source: Prague, Prakticky Lekar, Vol 41, No 11, 1961, pp 505-509.

Data: " Rheumatism and Weather."

Authors: MATOUSEK, Jiri, MD /presumably/ Institute of Physics (Fyzikalni ustav); Director: Dr V. HAVLOVIC.

BARCAL, Rudolf, MD /presumably/ Institute of Physics.

LAVICKA, Josef, MD, /pregumably/ Clinic of Internal Diseases of the Faculty of Medicine KU (Klinika chorob vnitrnich lekarske fakulty KU)/Karlova universita; Charles University/; KIIKKE Director: Prof K. BOBEK, MD.

ZAVAZAL, Vladimir: LAVICKA, Josef: stasticke hodnoceni MALY, Vladimir; technicka spoluprace NAVRATILOVA, Jindra

Serological diagnosis of progressive arthritis. Cas. lek. cesk. 101 no.35:1049-1055 31 Ag '62.

1. Ustav pro lekarskou mikrobiologii a epidemiologii lekarske fakulty KU v Plzni, prednosta doc. dr. J. Zahradnicky. Klinika chorob vnitrnich lekarske fakulty KU v Plzni, prednosta prof. dr. K. Bobok. (ARTHRITIS RHEUMATOID)

LAVICKA, 9

CZECHOSLOVAKTA

SEDIVEC, V., MD; LAVICKA, J., MD.

1. Psychiatric Clinic of the Medical Faculty of Charles University (Psychiatricka klinika lekarske fakulty KU), Pilsen; 2. Rheumatological Ward of the Clinic of Internal Diseases (Revmatologicke oddeleni kliniky chorob vnitrnich), Pilsen (for all)

Prague, Prakticky lekar, No 5, 1963, pp 175-176

"On the Question of the So-called Psychogenic Rheumatism."

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928810020-1

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

LAYICKA, J., BLAHOS, J., BRABENCOVA, H., SITAJ, S., VIRT, S., MIKUS, F., and KRESAMEK, E., Clinic for Internal Diseases (Klinika chorob vnitrnich), Faculty of Medicine (Lekarska fakulta), Plzen, Prof. Dr. K. BOBEK, director; Endocrinology Research Institute (Vyzkumny ustav endokrinologicky), Prague, Docent Dr K. SILINK, director; Research Institute for Rheumatic Diseases (Vyzkumny ustav chorob revmatickych, Docent Dr S. SITAJ, director; Department of Internal Medicine (Interne oddelenie), OUNZ [Okresny ustav narodneho zdravie; Okres Public Health Institute], Gelnica, F. MIKUS, MD, director [except for SITAJ and MIKUS affiliations cannot be determined]; in cooperation with J, MESTAN, MD, Transfusion Station (Transfusni stanice), Prague 10; Vl. KULICH. MD, Transfusion Station, Plzen; Vl. DZAVIK, MD, Transfusion Station, Gelmica; and ZOLLNAYOVA, MD, Trencin; laboratory work: PREUSOVA, H., NOVAKOVA, A., and LUSKOVA, K.

"Normal Blood Levels of Uric Acid in Different Areas of Czechoslo-vakia"

Prague, Casopis Lekaru Ceskych, Vol CII, No 34, 23 August 63, pp 937-941.

Abstract [Authors' English summary, modified]: Blood levels of 1/2

- Prague, Casopis Lekaru Ceskych, Vol CII, No 34, 23 August 63, pp 937-941.

uric acid in blood donors were investigated in Kosice, Piestany, Plzen, Prague, and Trencin. Significant differences were found. The greatest was between Prague and Kosice caused probably by the rare occurence of goat in East Slovakia. Significantly higher values were found in males than females. No differences were found among age groups. Empasized is the importance of hyperuricaemia and its evaluation in different parts of the country. The article contains tables with data from all places where tests were made. Twenty-two references, including 12 Czech.

2/2

3

LAVICKA, J.; BLAHOS, J.; BRABENCOVA, H.; SITAJ, S.; VIRT, S.;

MIRUS, F.; KRESANEK, E.; Spolupracovali: MESTAN, J., MUDr.,

SFN - transfuzni stanice, Praha 10; KULICH, V1., MUDr.,

TS - Plzen; DZAVIK, V1., MUDr., TS Gelnica; ZOLLNAYOVA,

Trencin, MUDr.; Laboratorni prace: PREUSOVA, H.; NOVAKOVA, A.;

LUSKOVA, K.

Normal levels of blood uric acid in various regions of Czecho-slovakia. Cas. lek. cesk. 102 no.34:937-941 23 Ag 163.

1. Klinika chorob vnitrnich lekarske fakulty KU v Plzni, prednosta prof. dr. K. Bobek Vyzkumny ustav endokrinologicky v Praze, reditel doc. dr. K. Silink Vyzkumny ustav chorob revmatickych v Piestanech, reditel doc. dr. S. Sitaj Interne oddelenie OUNZ, Gelnica, veduci MUDR. F. Mikus.

(URIC ACID) (BLOOD CHEMICAL ANALYSIS)

BLECHTA, V.; LAVICKA, M.; CERMAK, B.

Jaboratory furnace for following the kinetics of calcination processes. Chem prum 14 no.5:263-265 My 164.

1. Research Institute of Inorganic Chemistry, Usti nad Labem.

AUTHOR:

Lavicka, Zdeněk

TITLE:

The atom has the leading part

PERIODICAL:

Tudomány és technika, no. 11, 1961, 364-65

TEXT: The article, based on an interview given to the author by Engineer Cestmir, Simane, head of the physics department of the Nuclear Research Institute at the Czechoslovak Academy of Sciences, summarizes the prospects for peaceful utilization of nuclear energy, as well as the progress and future objectives of nuclear research. Several nuclear power plants have been in operation in various parts of the world; they are, however, of research character and of different types, and only the future will provide the answer to the question which of them will be the most economical. These power plants differ from each other in the fuel, moderator, and coolant used in their reactors. Most of today's reactors make use of natural uranium as fuel, of graphite as moderator, and of carbon dioxide as coolant, but there are also some which use heavy water as moderator and gas or water

Card 1/4

The atom has the leading part

as coolant. The first nuclear power plant in the CSR, now under construction at Bohunice near Trnava, will use a heavy-water moderator and compressed carbon dioxide coolant. Since in the case of reactors using natural uranium as fuel only materials of low neutron-absorbing properties can be taken into consideration as structural material, coolant, moderator, etc., it is more advantageous to use enriched U235 as fuel. Of the different processes of enriching uranium the gaseous diffusion process is the one used most frequently. Reactors employing enriched uranium have been in operation in the USSR, the USA, and Great Britain. The first nuclear power plant in the USSR with a relatively small reactor works with enriched uranium of 4%, uses graphite as moderator, water under normal pressure as coolant, and its fuel rods are covered with stainless steel. It remains to be seen whether reactors working with enriched uranium will be the only reactors of the future, since gaseous diffusion plants are expensive to build and to operate. The reactor of the future will probably be the breeder reactor using highly enriched uranium and transmuting U 238 isotopes into

Card 2/4

The atom has the leading part

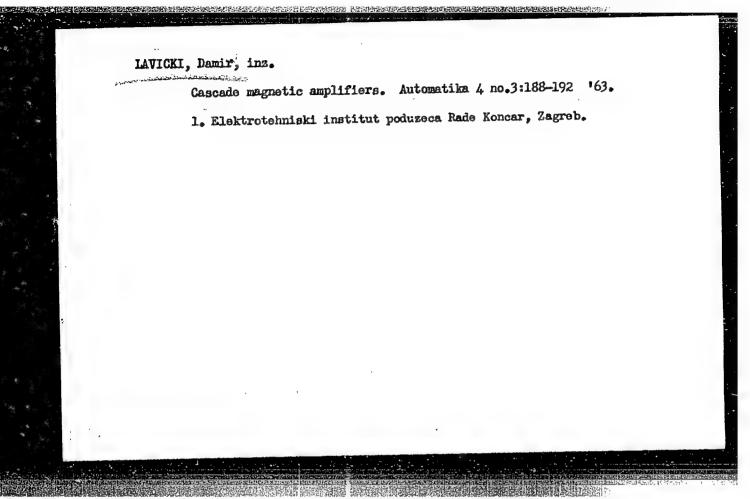
fissile plutonium, or producing U 233 isotopes from thorium. The development of this reactor is being delayed by the difficulties of converting plutonium or uranium into fuel. Research has also been conducted on the direct conversion of nuclear energy into electric power. The methods, such as charging electrodes with beta particles; radioactive irradiation of semiconductors, similar to the photoelectric effect; the promising method of forcing ionized gases through a magnetic field; and the thermionic method of converting thermionic movement of electrons in an electric field into electric power are still in the pioneer stage, and considerable time will elapse until scientists find a solution to this problem. No progress has been made in the field of controlled thermo-nuclear reaction either. Scientists have not yet succeeded in exceeding the temperature of 5 million °C, although temperatures needed for thermo-nuclear reaction are ten times higher than this. Only after solving the problems of increasing temperature and confining heated gases in a "magnetic bottle" can the construction of the prototype equipment in which the output energy will ex-

Card 3/4

The atom has the leading part

ceed the input be expected. It is probable that, due to the enormous amount of energy needed for heating plasma and producing huge "magnetic bottles", only large-scale power plants will be economical. As to the practical use of nuclear energy the most promising results can be expected in navigation. Vessels, such as icebreakers, freighters, and passenger ships, can easily bear the load of a reactor, while in submarines the use of nuclear propulsion will not be economical. Owing to the small size of railroad locomotives which cannot carry reactors rail transportation will make use of nuclear energy by large-scale electrification. Before nuclear propulsion can be successfully applied in aviation, problems, such as designing small-size reactors, and providing safety and protection against radiation hazards, must be solved. In the field of astronautics, nuclear propulsion, although not used at present, will be the only means of longdistance flight. The article closes with a brief reference to further peaceful uses of nuclear energy in the form of radioactive isotopes. There are 2 figures.

Card 4/4



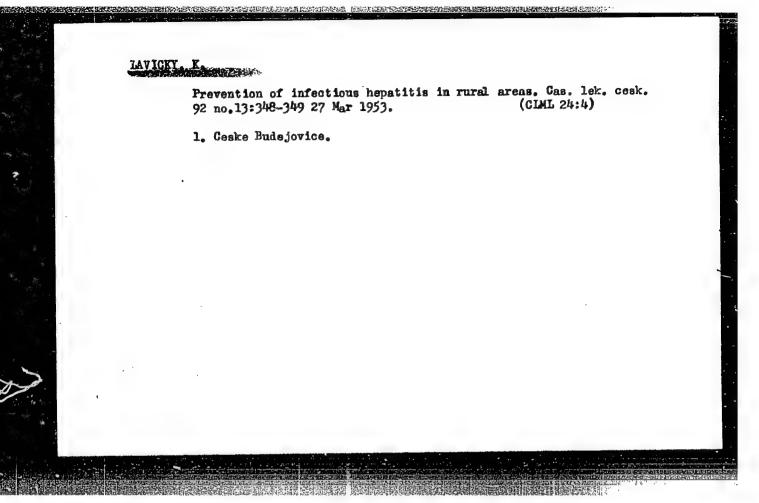
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VESIN, Slavoj; DOSTALOVA, Olga; LAVICKOVA, Erna

Radiotherapy of primary pulmonary cancer. Results of radical roentgen therapy in patients with inoperable tumors. Cas.lek. cesk 100 no.26:803-809 30 Je 161.

1. Ustredni rentgenologicke oddeleni oblastni nemocnice v Praze 4-Motole, prednosta prof. Dr. Sc. dr. Slavoj Vesin.

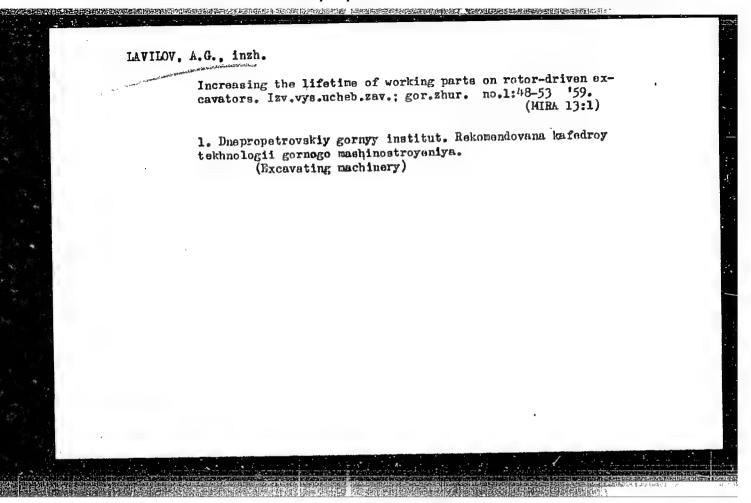
(LUNG NEOPLASMS radiother)



LAVILOV, A. G. Cand Tech Sci -- (diss) "Study of the operation of the winds."

Depropertovsk, 1959. 20 pp with diagrams (Min of Higher and Specialized Secondary Education UkSSR. Dnepropetrovsk Order of Labor Red Banner Mining Inst im Artem), 150 copies (KL, 59-59, 127)

-34-



LAVILOV, A.S., inzh.; FILONENKO, N.V., inzh.

Conducting baring operations with use of multi-bucket excavators in winter conditions. Ugol' Ukr. 3 no.11:24-25 H '59.

(Nonets Basin-Strip mining)

(Excavating machinery-Cold weather operations)

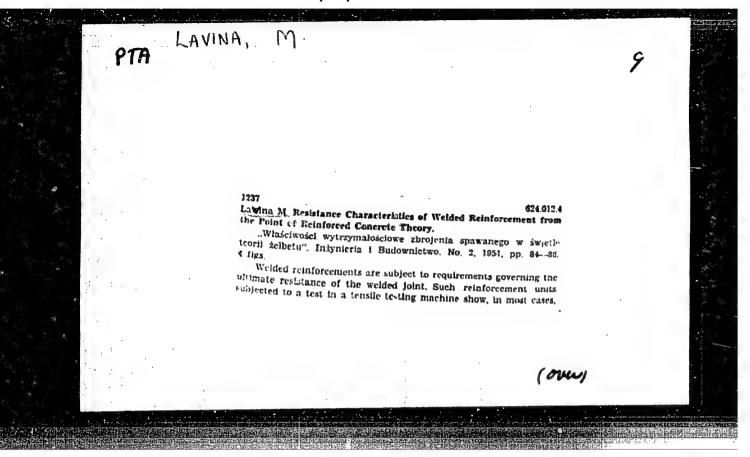
POPOV, G.P., dotsent; IVANOV, V.A., dotsent; TUCHIN, N.D.; inzh.; LAVILOV, A.G., kand.tekhn.nauk

Theory of electric locomotives with differential gears. Izv. vys. unheb. Eav.; gor. zhun no.2:115-118 '61. (MIRA 14:3)

1. Inspropetrovskiy ordena Trudovogo Krasmogo Znameni gornyy institut imeni Artema. Rekomendovana kafedroy prikladnoy makhamiki i detaley mashin Inspropetrovskogo gornogo intituta.

('tine railroads) (Gearing)

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26.2120

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Mashinostroyeniye, 1960, No. 22, p. 341, # 123351

AUTHORS:

Lavina, M.Ye., Romanenko, P.A.

TITLE:

An Experimental Investigation of the Separation Phenomena Behind a

Ringshaped Cascade

PERIODICAL:

Tr. Khar'kovsk. politekhn. in-ta, 1960, Vol. 29, No. 2, pp. 73-87

TEXT: The results are presented of an experimental investigation of the flow behind a ringlike cascade with and without the turbine impeller in a wind tunnel. The picture of the meridian lines of the current testify that the flow is adjacent to the bush upon the exit from the cascade, thereupon, swelling of the boundary layer proceeds with increasing distance from the cascade and separation with the formation of back flows and sharp repulsion of the main flow to the periphery. It turned out that the impeller eliminates the back current zone, but it does not eliminate the driving off the flow to the periphery.

K.V.D.

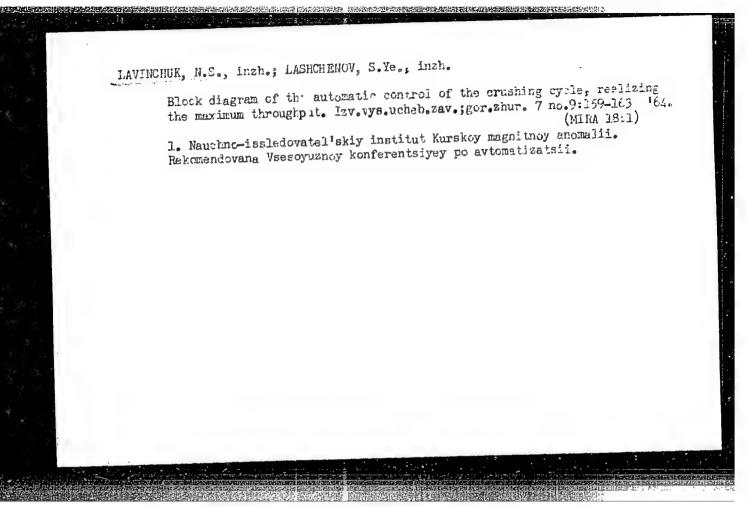
Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian abstract.

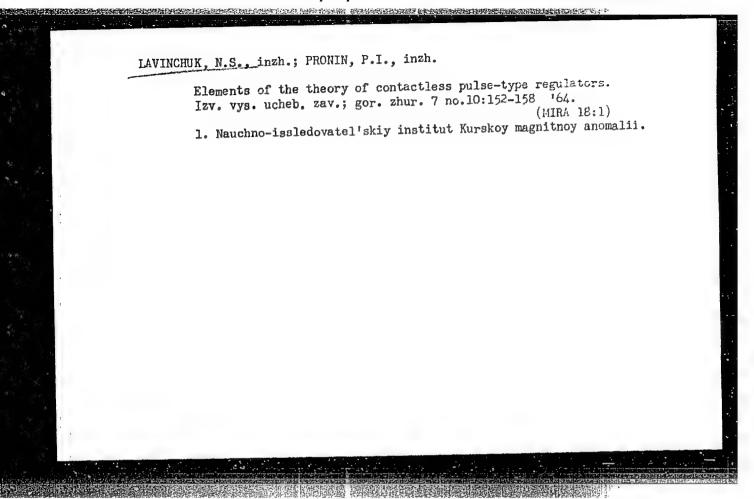
Card 1/1

LAVINCHUK, N.S., inzhener; Lavinchuk, Y.S., inzhener.

Practices of automatic temperature control in soaking pits. Stal' 16 no. 12: 1106-1110 D '56. (MLRA 10:9)

1. Hovo-Tagil'skiy metallurgicheskiy zavod. (Rolling mills) (Automatic control) (Heat--Transmission)





我们的中国外,我们也可能是在自己的公司的时候,我就是这种是他的是是<mark>这些的时候的,也是是不是我们的的,也是是不是</mark>

LAVINSKIY, G. H.

Laninskiy, G. M.

"New methods of increasing the yield of fodder and table beets." Min Higher Education. Kazan' State Veterinary Inst imeni M. Te. Bauran. Kazan', 1956. (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Agricultural Sciences).

Knizhnaya letopis' No. 21, 1956. Moscow.

GLAVINSKIY, G.N.

USSR/Cultivated Plants. Potatoes. Vegetables. Melons.

M

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 5, 1958, 20366.

Author : G. Lavinskiy

Inst : The Kazan Veterinary Institute.

Title : The Cultivation of Beet Seeds. (Vyrashchivaniye semyan

svekly).

Orig Pub: S. kh. Tatarii, 1957, No 4, 28-30.

Abstract: Under industrial conditions at the Kazan Veterinary Institute the seeds of beets were tested which were formed during the long days from June to the first half of July and during the short ones of the second decade in September. The yield in the first case was higher for the Bordeaux variety, by 45.1% and for the Eckendorf variety by 64.2%. To obtain full valued beet seeds, it is recommended that the underdeveloped

Card : 1/2

USSR/Cultivated Plants. Potatoes. Vegetables. Melons.

М

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 5, 1958, 20366.

and late ripening forms of seed bushes be removed and the shoots cut off from seed plants which were formed on shortening and short days. The cutting may be performed during the final seed harvest. The absolute weight of the seeds formed in the short and long days may be similar, hence this characteristic may not be taken as a criterion in selecting better quality seed.

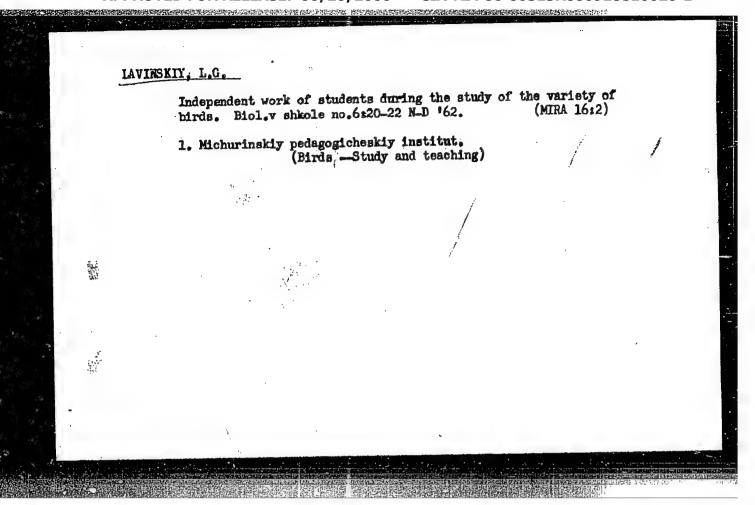
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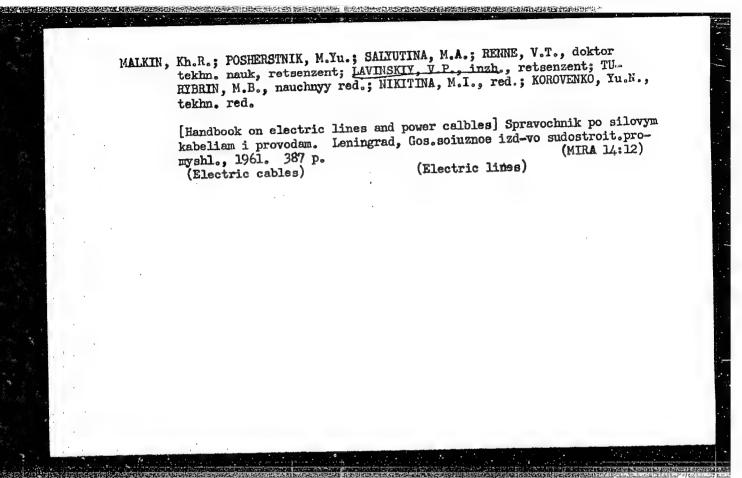
PETROV, L.G.; LAVINSKIY, G.N., kand. sel'khoz. nauk, red.; SMIRNOVA, I.I., red.; ZAYNULLIN, I.Kh., tekhn. red.

[Production of field crop seeds in the Tatar A.S.S.R.]Semenovodstvo

[Production of field crop seeds in the Tatar A.S.S.R.]Semenovodstvo polevýkh kul'tur v Tatarii Pod red. G.N.Lavinskogo. Kazan', Tatarskoe knizhnoe izd-vo, 1959. 132 p. (MIRA 14:10) (Tatar A.S.S.R.—Seed production)

Independent work of students in zoology classes. Biol. v shkole no.1:33-36 Ja-F '62. (MIRA 15:1) 1. Institut obshchego i politekhnicheskogo obrazovaniya Akademii pedagogicheskikh nauk RSFSR. (ZOOLOGY_STUDY AND TEACHING)





CZECHOSLOVAKIA

PERSONAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

LAVIDON, E.

Laboratory of General Organic Chemistry, Faculty of Sciences (Laboratoire de Chimie Organique Générale, Faculté des Sciences), Dijon, France

Prague, Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications, No 12, Dec 1965, pp 4219-4235

"Contribution to the study of the mechanism of polarographic reduction of derived aromatic carbonyls; the influence of dimerisation of the free radical formed during the first stage of reduction."

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

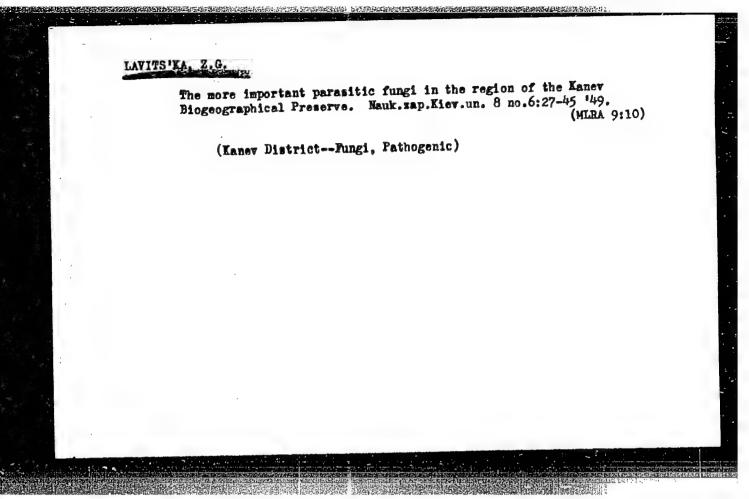
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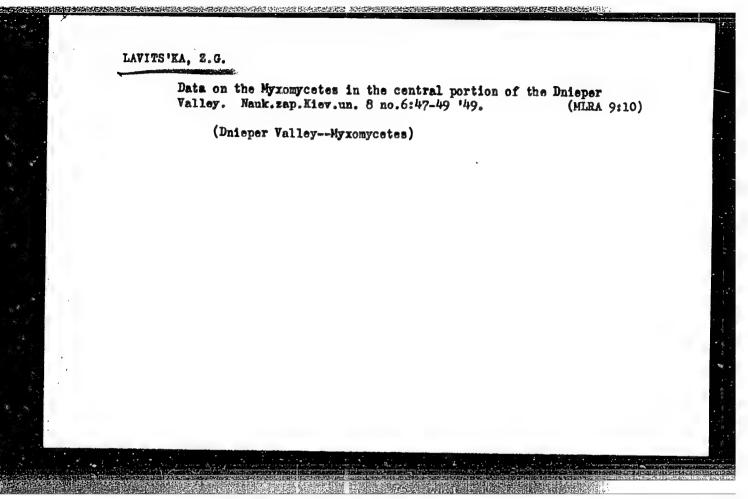
USSR/Geophysics - Paleo		Apr 53
		avitashvili, Active Members, Acad
Sci Georgian SSR		(
Priroda No 4, pp 66-		occasion of the 70th anniversary
		ontemporary evolutionary paleontology,
	garanteen (B. Artendegeleich B. Berteil auch vermacht in der W.	

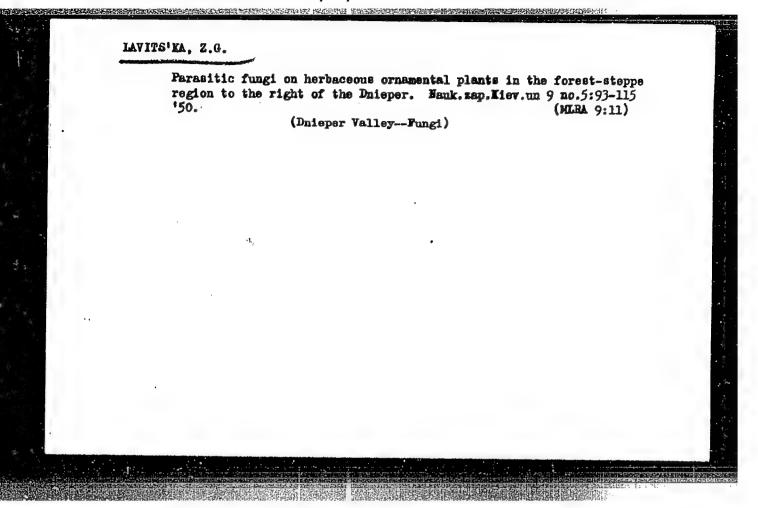
DUKARSKIY, Ole; Meyerovich; LAVITMAN, Vladimir Sergeyevich

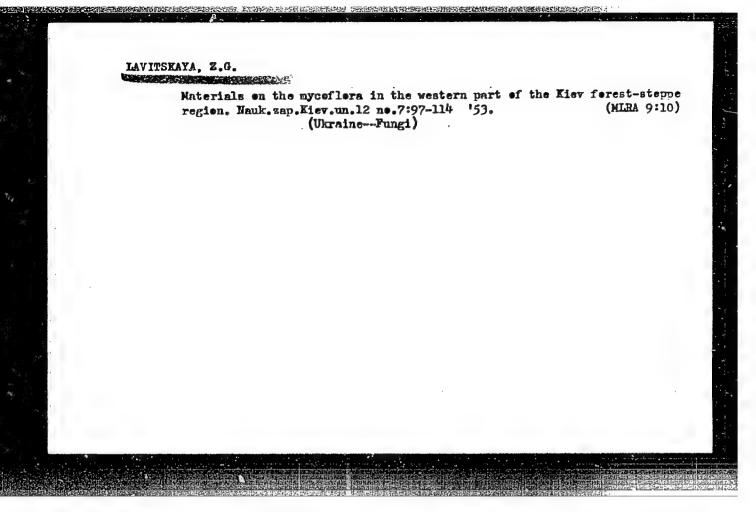
[The calculation on computers of frames] Raschet ran magelektronnykh mashinakh. Moskva, Stroitzdat, 1965, 154 p.

(MIRA.1814)









LAVITSKAYA, Z.G.

Development of fungi on the false indigo (Amorpha fruticosa L.) under different growing conditions. Bot. zhur. [Ukr.] 11 no.1:108-110 '54. (MIRA 8:7)

1. Kiivs'kiy derzhavniy universitet im. T.G. Shevchenka, kafedra nizhchikh roslin. (Amorpha) (Fungi)

14-57-7-15025

Referativnyy zhurnal, Geografiya, 1957, Nr 7, Translation from:

p 136 (USSR)

AUTHOR:

Lavits'ka, Z. G.

TITLE:

New Erysiphaceae Fungi Finds in the Right Bank Forest Steppe Novi dlya pravoberezhnogo lisostepu znakhidky

boroshnysto-rosyanykh grybiv (Erysiphaceae) -- in

Ukrainian7

PERIODICAL:

Nauk. zap. Kyyivs'k. un-t, 1955, Vol 13, Nr 16,

pp 67-77

ABSTRACT:

The author describes a new group of parasitic fungi of the Erysiphe genus, including E. cichoracearum f. coreopsidis f. nova, E. cichoracearum f. petunial, E. ciehora cearum f. pyrethri, E. communis f. dianthi, E. labiatarum f. monardae, and of the Sphaerotheca genus, including S. fuliginea f. cinerarial and S. fuliginea f. nicotiani alati

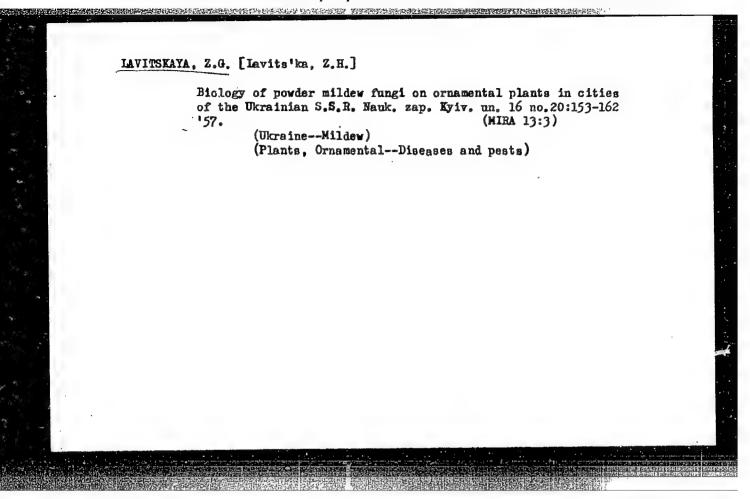
fuliginea f. nicotiani alati. All these were

Card 1/2

New <u>Erysiphaceae</u> Fungi Finds (Cont.)

discovered on decorative plants, including coreopsis, petunia, pyrethrum, pinks, monarda, cineraria, and sweet pea. The author draws attention to new finds of the above species and also of the species Oidium, Uncinula, Trichocladia, Podosphaera, Microsphaera, and Leveillula, and to the fact that they are found on domestic plants. She describes ways to combat noxious species. Card 2/2

V. M.



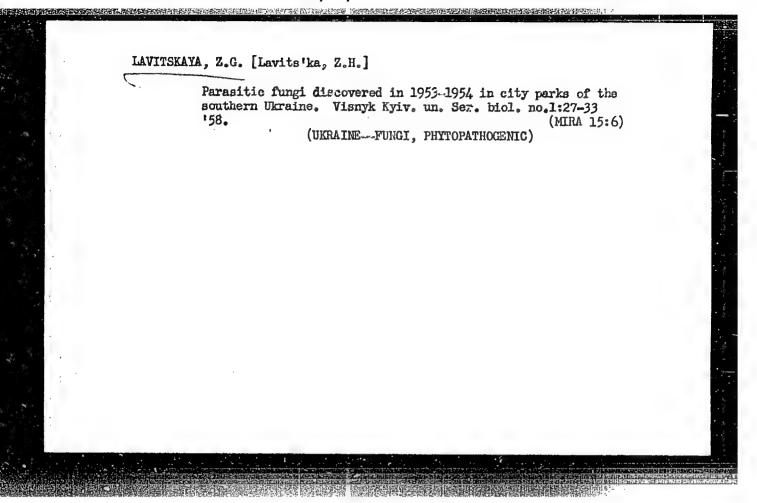
KOVAL', Ye.Z.; KURMELEVA, N.F. [Kurmel'ova, N.F.]; LAVITSKAYA, Z.G.

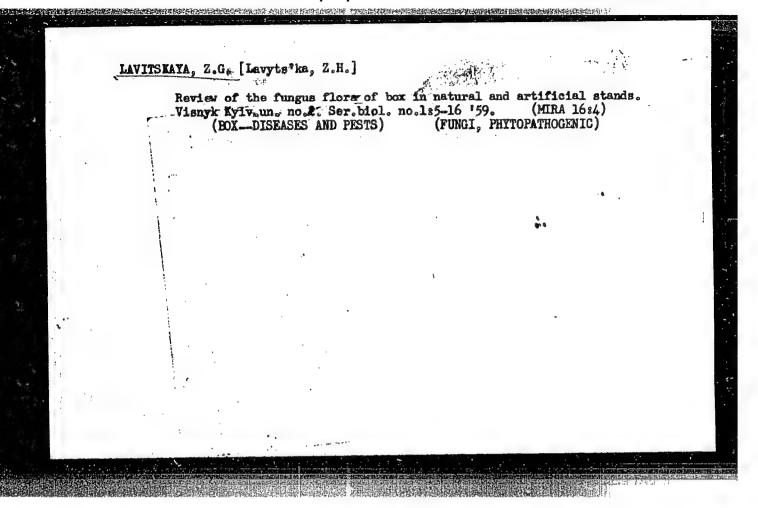
[Lavits'ka; Z.H.]

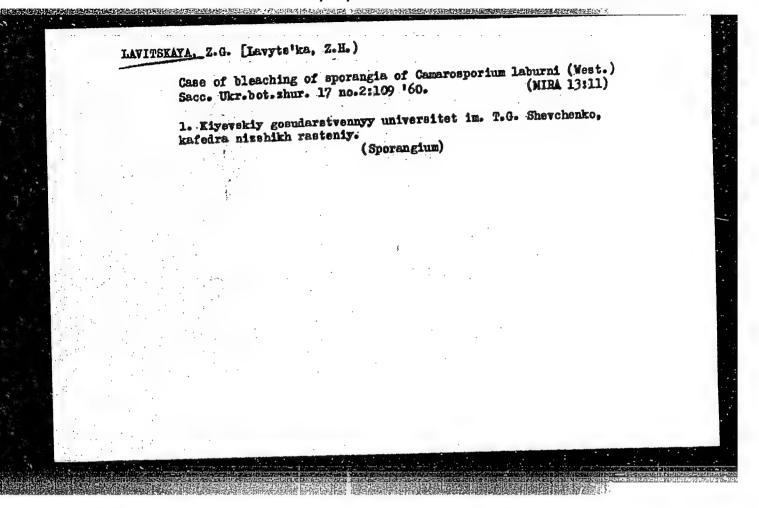
Aterials on the fungous flora of trees ans shrubs in the city yarks of the southern Ukraine. Visnyk Kyiv.uh. no.1. Ser. biol. (MIRA 16:4)

(UKRAINE—FUNGI, PHYTOPATHOGENIC)

(UKRAINE—WOODY PLANTS AND PESTS)







LAVITSKAYA, Z.G. [Lavits'ka, Z.H.]

Species of the genera Coryneum, Monochaetia and allied fungi on branches and leaves of roses (Rosa sp.sp.) and their control. Visnyk Kyiv. un. no.5. Ser. biol. no.1:3-9 '62. (MIRA 16:5)

(ROSES-DISEASES AND PESTS) (FUNGI, PHYTOPATHOGENIC)

LAVKOVIVICH, V.

POLAND/Human and Animal Morphology - Blood and Organs of

2-4

Blood Production

Abs Jour : Ref

: Referat Zhur - Biologii, No 16, 1957, 70355

Author

: Lavkovivich, V., Cherski, Porembinska

Title

: Histochemical Study of Thrombocytes

Orig Pub

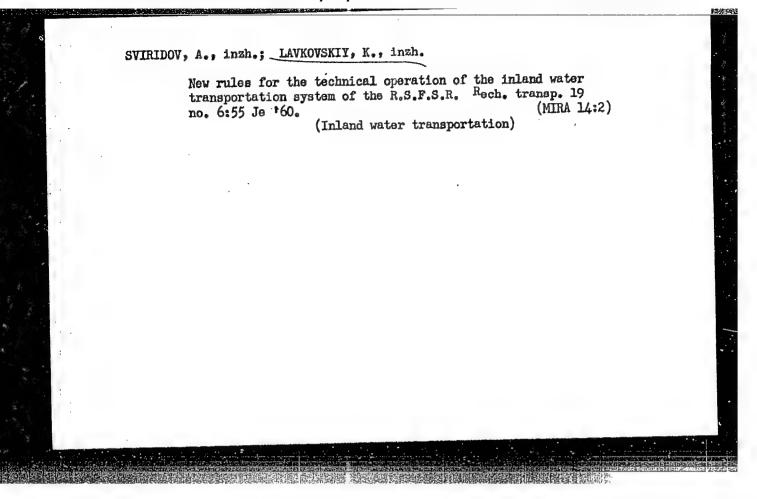
Polskie Arch. med, wewnetr., 1955, 24, No 6, 149-152

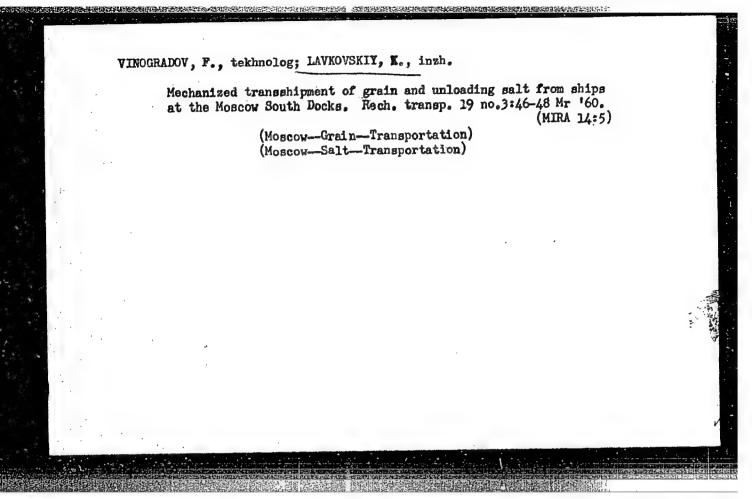
Abstract

: No abstract.

Card 1/1

- 72 -





LAVLENKO, L. G.

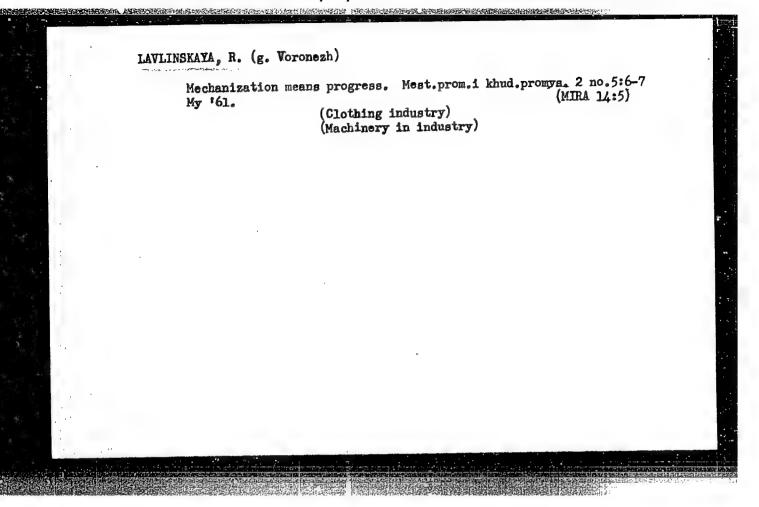
Lavlenko, L. G. "Experiments on the resistance of compressed-cambered triple-hinged arches," Nauch. trudy (Dnepropetr. metallurgl in-t im. Stalina), Issue 17, Supplement to Mekhanika. Mekhanizatsiya metallurg. tsekhov, 1949, p. 21-25 - Bibliog: 9 items

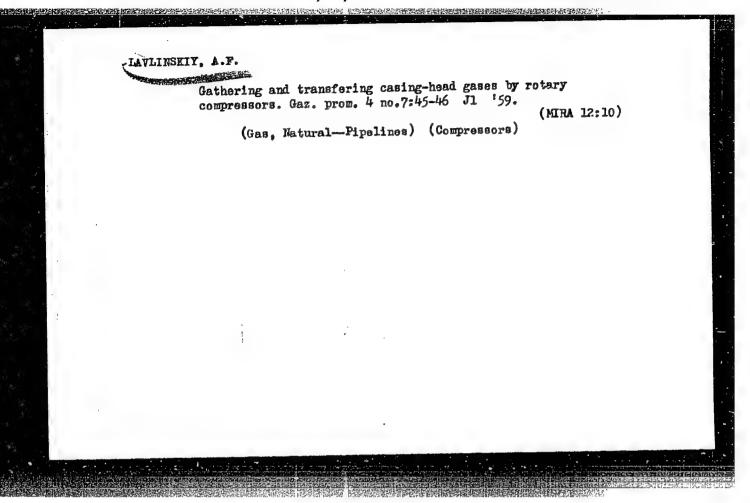
SO: U3850, 16 June 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 5, 1949).

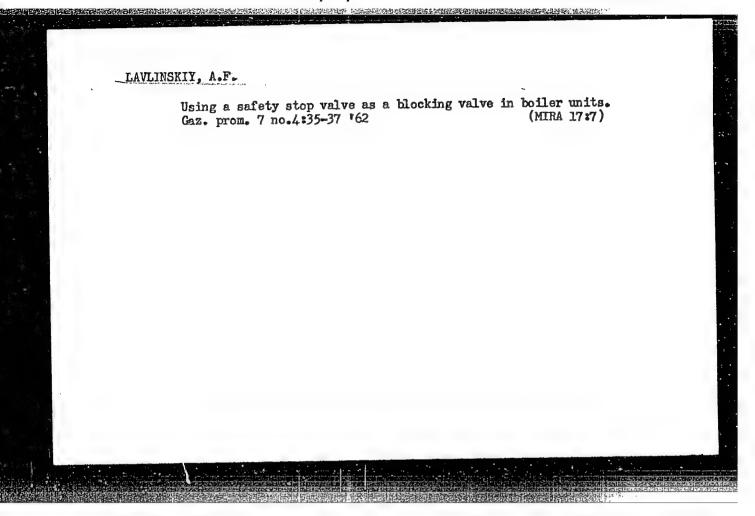
LAVLENKO, L. G.

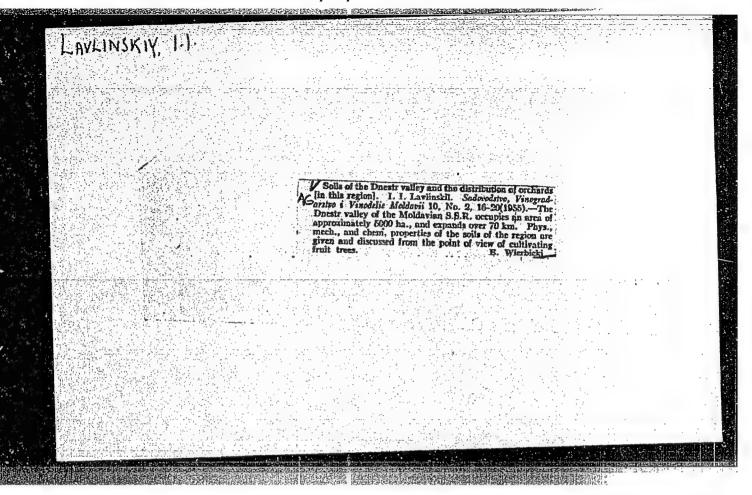
Lavlenko, L. G. "Stability of totally curved circular arches, supporting uniformly distributed loads along the length of the span," Nauch. trudy (Dnepropetr. metallurg. in-t im. Stalina), Issue 17, Supplement to Mekhanika. Mekhanizatsiya metallurg. tsekhov, 1949, p. 36-57 - Bibliog: 5 items

SO: U-3850, 16 June 53, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No. 5, 1949).









LAVLINSKIY

USSR/Cultivated Plants - Fruits. Berries.

M-6

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Blol., No 20, 1958, 91789

Author

Lavlinskiy, I.I.

Inst Title Soils for Orchards and Vineyards.

Orig Pub

Sadovodstvo, vinogradarstvo i vinodeliye Moldavii, 1957,

No 6, 7-10.

Abstract

This article descrives the natural conditions of the Kalarashkiy rayon in Moldavia. It also characterizes the agricultural productivity of the soils on the "Molodaya

Gvardiya" sovkhoz. Recommendation on their utilization

for orchards and vineyards is included.

Card 1/1

CIA-RDP86-00513R000928810020-1" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

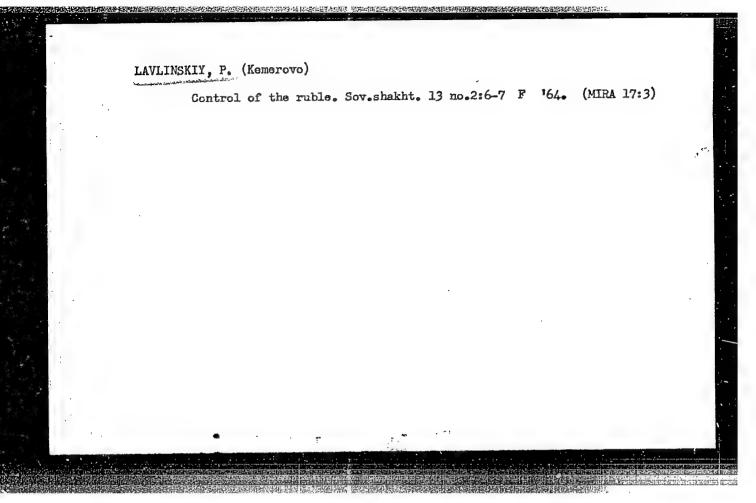
用进口,这个人就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人,也

IAVLINSKIY, I.I., kand.sel'skokhozyaystvennykh nauk

Soils of certain areas in the central Kodry of Moldavia and the regeneration of vineyards. Trudy Kish, sel'khoz. inst. 19:59-79
160.

(Kodry-Soils)

(Kodry-Viticulture)



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000 CIA-RDP86-00513R000928810020-1"

SOV/137-59-3-6837

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Metallurgiya, 1959, Nr 3, p 275 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Lavnevich, N. I.

TITLE: New Trends in Industrial Construction (Slab Mill "1150" of the

当人是全国共产品的的关键的企业,通过各种企业的企业,但是不是不是一个企业的企业,但是不是一个企业的企业,但是不是一个企业的企业,但是是一个企业的企业,但是是一个企业的

Magnitogorsk Metallurgical Kombinat) [Novoye v promyshlennom stroitel'stve (slyabing "1150" Magnitogorskogo metallurgicheskogo

kombinata)]

PERIODICAL: Tekhn-ekon. byul. Sov. nar. kh-va Chelyab. ekon. adm. r-na,

1958, Nr 2, pp 18-22

ABSTRACT: The "1150" slab mill (SM) now under construction is designed to roll

steel ingots weighing from 8 to 25 tons into slabs up to 1600 mm wide. The largest of its kind in Europe, the SM will have a capacity considerably exceeding that of any existing mill. All mechanisms of the mill are regulated automatically and are equipped with the most

modern control instruments. The construction of the building housing the SM significantly differs from all other shops erected at the Kombinat. The walls of the building are made of large slag-concrete blocks and slabs; the amount of common brick employed amounts to

Card 1/2 4% of the total volume of wall masonry. The flooring consists of

SOV/137-59-3-6837

New Trends in Industrial Construction (cont.)

large, sectional, reinforced-concrete slabs (1.5x6 and 3x6 m) supported without girders on the upper wall footing. All underground wiring and piping (water lines, heating conduit, steam lines, etc.) is enclosed in a common conduit, which significantly facilitates the operation and maintenance of the lines as compared with trunk lines placed in trenches. A number of particularly deep foundations (up to 15 m below the floor level of the shop) were constructed with caissons. A distinctive peculiarity of the construction and installation work performed on individual units of the SM complex is the sharp reduction of a number of auxiliary and associated operations. The expenditure on the construction of temporary structures was reduced to a minimum. All rigging work is performed by 12 specialized subcontracting organizations. As a result of specialization, the

G.L.

Card 2/2

LAVNIKANIS, V.

23350 o nedostatkakh v sisteme oplaty za volokno. [s primech. red.] tekstil. promstv., 1949, No. 6, c. 31.

SO: LETOPIS NO. 31, 1949

LAVNIKOV, A. (Lt. Col., Med. Corps.) and SYRNEV, V. (Eng., Maj., Tech. Sci. Cand.)

"Physics of Action of Ruclear Forces," Red Star, May 26, 1954.

Translation D-141887, 17 Dec 54

LAVNIKOV, A., (Lt Col, Med Serv)

Goauthor with Engr-Maj V. SYENEV of article, "The Physics of the Action of Nuclear Forces," subtitled, "Radioactive Emissions," discussing the rays emitted by radioactive substances, their penetrating power, and their effect on the human body. The "dose concept" and the amount of dosage necessary to harm the body tissues are also mentioned. (Article translated in full in <u>Joint Press Reading Service</u>, No 148, 28 May 1954). (Krasnaya Zvezda, Moscow, 26 May 54).

SO: SUM No. 208, 9 Sep 1954

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PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION

SOV / 5929

Lavnikov, Aleksendr Akimovich

Aviatsionnaya meditsina (Aviation Medicine) Moscow, Voyenizdat Min. obor. SSSR, 1961. 274 p. 8000 copies printed.

Eds.: A.P. Popov, Major-General, and A.S. Mirnyy, Colonel; Tech. Ed.: A.M. Krasavina.

PURPOSE: This book is intended for students in flying schools and may be used by the flying, technical, and engineering staffs of the Air Force, Civil Air Fleet, the All-Union Voluntary Society for the Promotion of the Army, Aviation, and Navy, and by others who are interested in aviation and aviation medicine.

COVERAGE: The book discusses certain problems in anatomy and physiology as they relate to aviation medicine: the physiology of high-altitude flight, the basic hygienic requirements of aircraft cabins, the physiological and hygienic principles of oxygen breathing equipment, acceleration in flight and its effect on the flyer, principles of in-flight emergency and rescue measures, flight under complex meteorological conditions, liquid chemicals used in aviation and safety

Card 1/4

Aviation Medicine 801/5929 measures when working with them, and the principles of medical flight safety. The following are also discussed: the destructive effects of atomic explosions on the human organism and measures for protection against these effects, in-flight first aid, health education and personal hygiene, the prevention and quarantine of contagious diseases, and first aid to the wounded. No personalities are mentioned. There are 58 references, all Soviet. TABLE OF CONTENTS: Preface Ch. I. Aviation Medicine and the Problems It Faces 3 Ch. II. Brief Introduction to the Study of the Atmosphere 5 Structure of the atmosphere Composition and pressure of atmospheric air 9 Radiant energy 10 Temperature 15 Ch. III. Brief Introduction to Anatomy and Physiology 16 Cells and tissues 19 Organs and their systems 20 21 Card 2/8

KUZNETSOV, I. D.; LAVNIKOVA, G. A.; KOROLEVA, O. F.

Two cases of seminoma of the mediastinum. Vop. onk. 7 no.6:55-61 (MIRA 14:12)

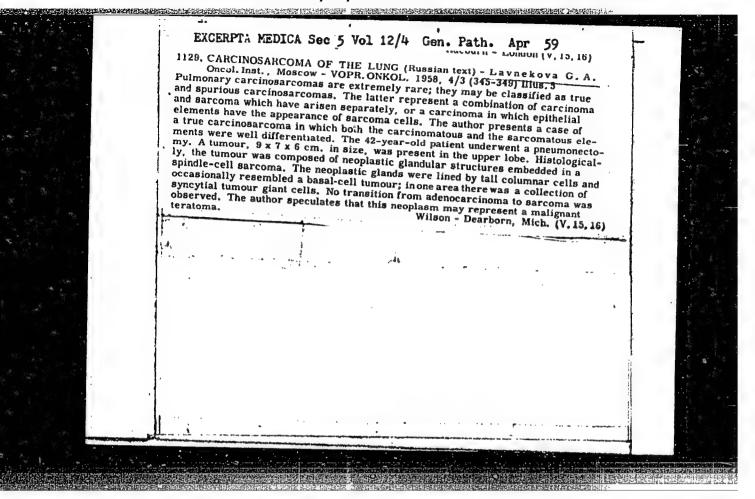
1. Iz Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel skogo onkologicheskogo instituta im. P. A. Gertsena (dir. - prof. A. N. Novikov, nauchn. rukovod. - deystv. chlen AMN SSSR prof. A. I. Savitskiy).

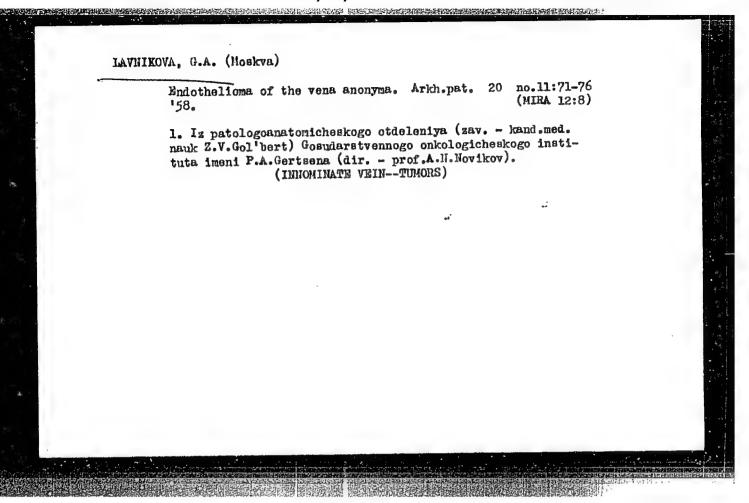
(TESTICLE_TUMORS)

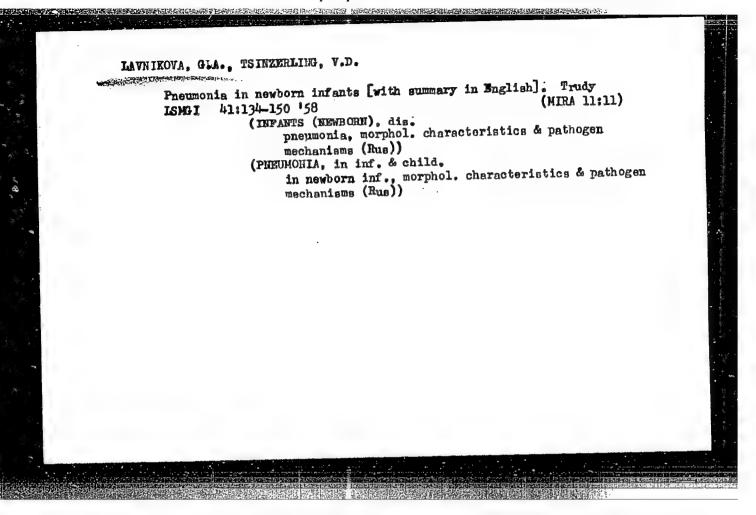
LAVNIKOVA, G. A.

"Changes in the Lungs of the Newborn During Pneumonia." Cand med Sci, Leningrad Sanitary Hygiene Medical Inst, Min Health RSFSR, Leningrad, 1955. (KL, No 8, Feb 55)

SO: Sum. No. 631, 26 Aug 55 - Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertation Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (14)







Morphology of teratomas of the mediastimum. Vop.onk. 9
no.2:60-69'63. (NIRA 16:9)

1. Iz patologoanatomicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. = starshiy
nauchnyy sotrudnik Z.G.Col'bert) Gosudarstvennogo naurhnoissledovatel*skogo onkologicheskogo instituta imeni P.A.
Gertsena (dir. = prof. A.N.Novikov).

(MEDIASTINUM-CANCER)

GOL'BERT, Zoya Vasil'yevna; LAWNIKOVA, Galina Alekseyevna;
APATENKO, A.K., red.

[Tumors and cysts of the modiastinum; the morphology and histogenesis of extraorganic tumors and cysts of the mediastinum] Opukholi i kisty sredosteniia; morfologiia i gistogenez vneorgennykh opukholei i kist sredosteniia.

Noskva, Meditsina, 1965. 271 p. (MIRA 18:1)

LAVNIKOVA, G.A. (Moskva, V-36, 2-y Cheremushkinskiy proyezd, d.11, korpus 1, KV.73)

,在全国的基本的的第三人称形式,不是一个企业的企业,在全国的企业,在全国的企业,但是一个企业,但是一个企业,但是一个企业,但是一个企业,但是一个企业,但是一个企业,

Lipothymomas (thymolipomas); a case history. Vop. onk. 9 no.10:91-95 (MIRA 17:12)

1. Iz patologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. - st. nauchnyy sotrudnik Z.V. Gol'bert) Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo enkologicheskogo instituta imeni P.A.Gertsena (direktor - prof. A.N.Kovikov).

LAVNIKOVA, G.A. (Moskva)

Esophageal cysts of the mediastinum. Arkh. pat. 26 no.12:67-70 164. (MIRA 18:5)

l. Patologoanatomicheskaya laboratoriya (zav. - starshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik Z.V.Gol'bert) Gosudarstvernogo onkologicheskogo instituta imeni P.A.Gertsena (dir. - prof. A.N.Novikov).

NOVIKOV, A.N.; GARIN, N.D.; DANIYEL'-BEK, K.V.; KOLYADYUK, I.V.;
LAVMIKOVA, G.A.; TRAKHTENEERG, A.Kh.; SHITKOV, K.G.-'

Chemotherapy of malignant tumors by the perfusion method.
Khirurgiia 41 no.4:3-9 Ap '65. (MIRA 18:5)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy onkologicheskiy institut imeni
Gertsena (dir. - prof. A.N. Novikov), Moskva.

AGEYENKO, A.I.; LAVNIKOVA, G.A.

Oncogenous activity of extracts derived from Luman myxchas. Wit. ork 11 no.4:36-41 '65. (MIRA 18:8)

1. Iz virusologicheskoy laboratorii (zav. - prof. V.V.Goreditova) i patologoanatomicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. - starshiy nauchtyy sotrudnik Z.V.Gol'bert) Gosudarstvennogo onkologicheskogo instituta imeni P.A.Gertsena (direktor - prof. A.N.Novikov).

DANIYEL'-BEK, K.V.; LAVNIKOVA, G.A.

Embryonic lipomas and liposarcomas of the soft tissues of the extremities and the trunk. Vop. onk. 11 no.6:52-58 '65.

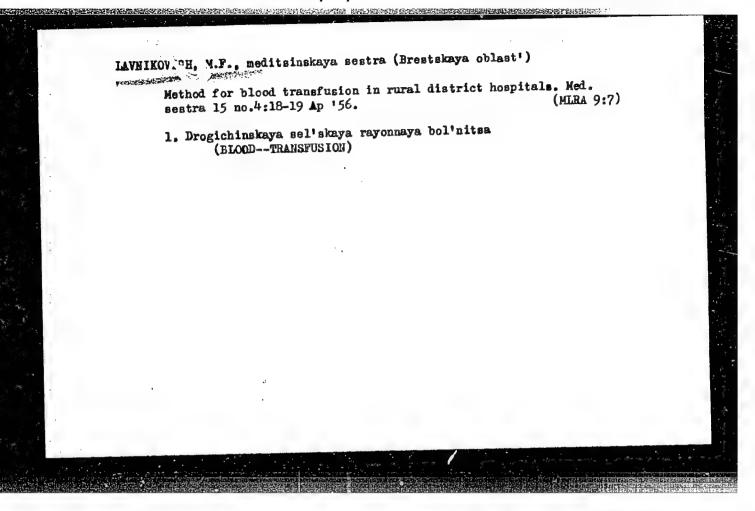
1. Iz Gosudarstvennogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta imeni Gertsena (dir. - prof. A.N.Novikov), Moskva.

LAVNIKOVA, G.A.; DANIYEL'-BEK, K.V. (Moskva)

Embryonic lipomas; myxoid, embryonic liposarcomas, myxosarcomas, and Gilmour's mesenchymomas. Arkh. pat. 27 no.8:36-43 '65.

(MIRA 18:10)

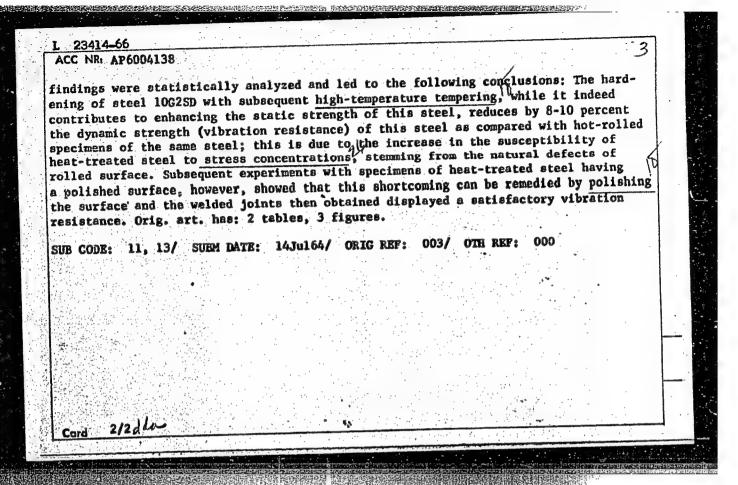
1. Patologoanatomicheskoye otdeleniye (zav. Z.V.Gol'bert) i khirurgicheskoye otdeleniye (zav. - doktor med.nauk A.P.Bazhenova) Nauchno-issledovatel'skogo onkologicheskogo instituta imeni Gertsena (dir. - prof. A.N.Novikov).



"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/20/2000

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ACC NE	14-66 EWT(d)/EWT(m)/EWP(w)/EWA(d)/EWP(v)/T/EWP(t)/EWP(k)/EWP(h)/EWP(1) AP6004138 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0125/66/000/001/0040/0042	-4
AUTHOR:	Makurin, V. A.; Lavochkin, G. V.	51
	Ilmostov LIIZhT	B
TITLE:	Vibration resistance of butt joints of heat-treated 10G2SD steel	
18.00	Avtomaticheskaya svarka, no. 1, 1966, 40-42	
metal	AGS: vibration stress, steel, weldability, cyclic load, stress concentration treatment, low alloy steel / 10G2SD steel	ion,
(0.1% (building ability development) vibrativeles	T: The suitability of heat-treated high-strength low-alloy steel 10G2SD, 1.0% Si, 1.56% Hm, 0.1% Cr, 0.15% Ni, 0.2% Cu, 0.033% S, 0.022% P) as brig material is currently under study. This steel displays satisfactory weld, low proneness to temper brittleness and a higher resistance to the rise ment of large cracks than hot-rolled steel of the same mark. However, the on resistance of the base metal in welded joints of this steel so far remainly uninvestigated. To fill this gap, the authors investigated the vibration between the butt weld and the base metal affects vibration resistance.	and ins on ich
arreng	SSIOU DELACER FIRE DACE ACTO SHOT CHE DODG TO THE	4 11
the co	end the specimens were tested in a vertical TsDM-200 dynamic loading mach cyclic loading frequency of 324 cycles per minute until complete rupture.	The



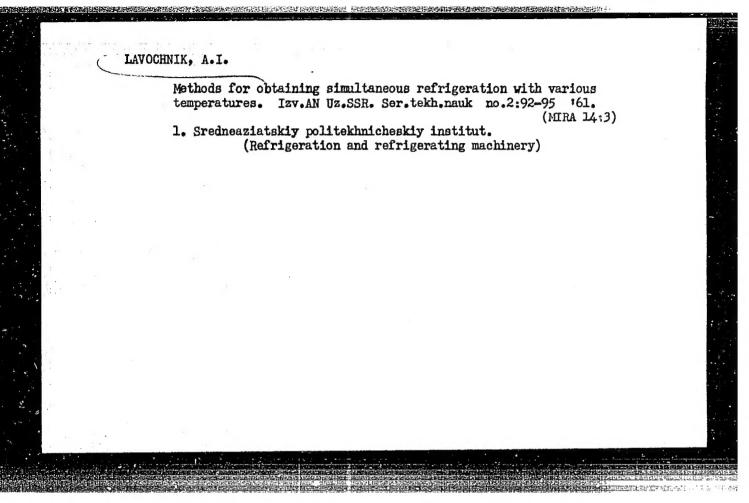
LAVOCHKIN Ya.V. doktor meditsinskikh nauk [deceased]

建设在大型设备的指用的企业的企业的工程的技术。不是长进的经验,是是这种企业的,是是可能的企业的企业,但是是这种企业的企业的企业的企业,但是是这种企业的企业的企业,

Permissibility of the use of local infiltration anesthesia in excision of malignant tumors. Khirurgiia no.11:44-47 N 154. (MLRA 8:3)

1. Iz radio-khirurgicheskogo otdeleniya TSentral'nogo rentgenologicheskogo radiologicheskogo in rakovogo instituta Ministerstva zdravookhraneniya SSSR.

(NEOPLASMS, surgery, anesth., local) (ANESTHESIA, LOCAL, in cancer surg.)



ACCESSION NR: AP5024360	•
	UR/0286/65/000/015/0026/0026 621.564.38
AUTHOR: Lavochaik, A. I. 44	55
TITLE: A working mixture for	refrigerators. Class 12 N
SOURCE: Byulleten' izobreteni	y i tovarnykh znakov, no. 15, 1985, 26
TOPIC TAGS: regrigerant gas,	Carbon dienti
ABSTRACT. This	
ants, the mixture contains ethy	expand the selection and substitution of scarce cool of these.
V) a mixture	of these.
SSOCIATION: none	1,44,55
UBMITTED: 038ep62	2)(CP: 00
O REF SOV: COO	SUB CODE: GC, TE

Author: Laverbo, P. K.

Thile: Electroplating of Machine Parts and Fittings.
231 pp., filus., bibliography

Date: 1949. Moscow (?)

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